MATTIACE PETROCHEMICAL COMPANY, INC. NEW YORK

EPA REGION 2
CONGRESSIONAL DIST. 05

Nassau County Glen Cove

Site Description

EPA ID# NYD000512459

The 2-acre Mattiace Petrochemical Company site is an inactive chemical distribution facility located on Long Island. From the mid-1960s until 1987, Mattiace received chemicals by tank truck and redistributed them to its customers. The company also operated the M&M Drum Cleaning Company on the Site until 1982. During its operational period, the Mattiace property contained a Quonset hut, shed, concrete loading dock, and approximately 56 storage tanks, most of which were underground. In 1987, after seven years of failed negotiations and litigation regarding various waste-handling and environmental infractions, the State of New York seized the property. At that time, many drums and tanks of organic, acid, and alkali liquids remained. In 1988, the EPA implemented an emergency action to secure the Site and remove more than 120,000 gallons of hazardous liquids. Surrounding the Site are industrial areas, Garvies Point Preserve (designated by the State as a significant natural habitat), tidal wetlands, and Glen Cove Creek. Hempstead Harbor and Long Island Sound are located within 3 miles of the Site and are used for recreation.

Site Responsibility: This Site is being addressed through Federal actions.

NPL LISTING HISTORY

Proposed Date: 06/24/88 Final Date: 03/30/89

Threats and Contaminants -



The groundwater and soil at Mattiace are contaminated with VOCs. Exposure to contaminated groundwater and soil through direct contact, inhalation or ingestion is a health hazard. Residents in the vicinity of the Site obtain their potable water from City wells located 1 mile hydraulically upgradient from the Site. The water quality in these wells is routinely monitored by local authorities. This Site is currently fenced to restrict access and reduce the possibility of such exposures from occurring while remedies are being implemented.

Cleanup Approach

This Site is being addressed in two stages: emergency actions, and a long-term remedial phase which focuses on soil and groundwater cleanup.

Response Action Status



Emergency Actions: In 1988, EPA emergency workers secured the Site, collected samples, and removed 100,000 gallons of flammable liquids, 20,000 gallons of contaminated water, and 1,800 gallons of liquids

containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). Lab packs were crushed and sent to an off-site incineration facility. Owners reclaimed cylinders and some empty tanks. All other hazardous materials were transported to EPA-approved disposal facilities.



Soil and Groundwater: The EPA completed a comprehensive remedial investigation and feasibility study (RI/FS) of soil and groundwater pollution, and signed a Record of Decision (ROD) in June 1991 selecting in situ vapor

extraction of soil, limited excavation of soil contaminated with pesticides, removal of all above and below ground tanks and cisterns, and groundwater pumping and treatment as the selected remedy. The removal of all tanks, cisterns, and associated piping was completed in the Fall 1996. EPA initiated construction of an integrated groundwater and soil vapor treatment facility in October 1997. Construction of this facility was substantially completed in August 1998, with subsequent commencement of start-up and long-term operation. EPA expects soil vapor treatment to be completed in another 1-3 years, while groundwater treatment is expected to continue for a much longer period. Excavation and disposal of pesticides-contaminated soil was completed in an earlier phase of the project.



Buried Drums: After a geophysical survey was conducted during the RI, EPA found and characterized the contents of buried drums on the west central part of the Site. EPA signed a ROD in 1990 specifically for the removal and off-site

treatment and disposal of the drums and contaminated soil in the drum burial area. In the Spring 1992, EPA completed excavation and off-site disposal of approximately 400 buried drums and contaminated soil.

Cleanup Progress



EPA eliminated immediate threats to nearby residents and the environment by securing the Site and removing 100,000 gallons of flammable hazardous liquids during the removal action in 1989. Pursuant to two Records of Decision, EPA has excavated and disposed of pesticides-contaminated soil and buried drums, as well as above and below ground storage tanks, in addition to the demolition and removal of all Site structures. EPA substantially completed construction of the groundwater/soil vapor integrated treatment facility in August 1998, and began long-term operation in September 1999. The facility will remediate an estimated 28,000 cubic yards of contaminated soil and one half billion gallons of contaminated groundwater. EPA determined that all construction activities were completed at the Site in June 2000.